



Reparations Database: National Report

April 2006

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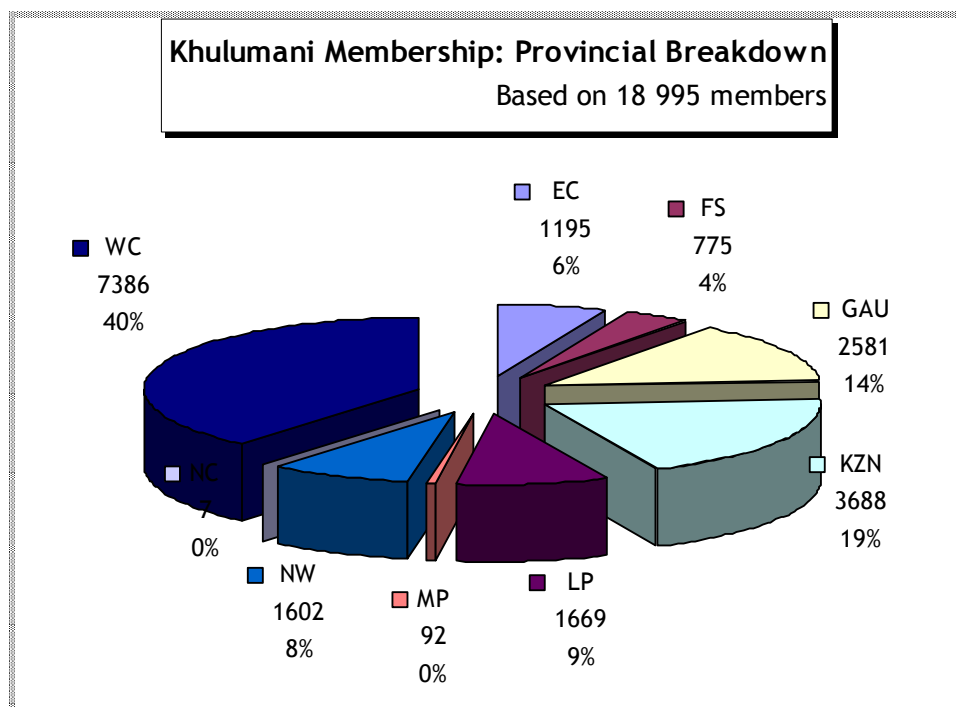
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A. MEMBERSHIP IN NATIONAL CONTEXT

- *Western Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, and Gauteng hold the bulk of our membership, and even though Northern Cape's membership is growing fast, it is not yet reflected in our statistics.*



A.1. SURVEY PARTICIPATION

- A.1.1. *There are an estimated 34 000 forms which must still be processed of which the bulk comes from KwaZulu-Natal.*
- A.1.2. *National participation therefore totals approximately 44 000.*
- A.1.3. *Data already processed indicate increases in participation in Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal and North-West.*
- A.1.4. *KwaZulu-Natal submitted several thousands of forms early 2006 but we lacked the capacity thus far to process them.*
- A.1.5. *We thank and congratulate Gauteng, KwaZulu-Natal and North-West for their strong contributions to this survey.*

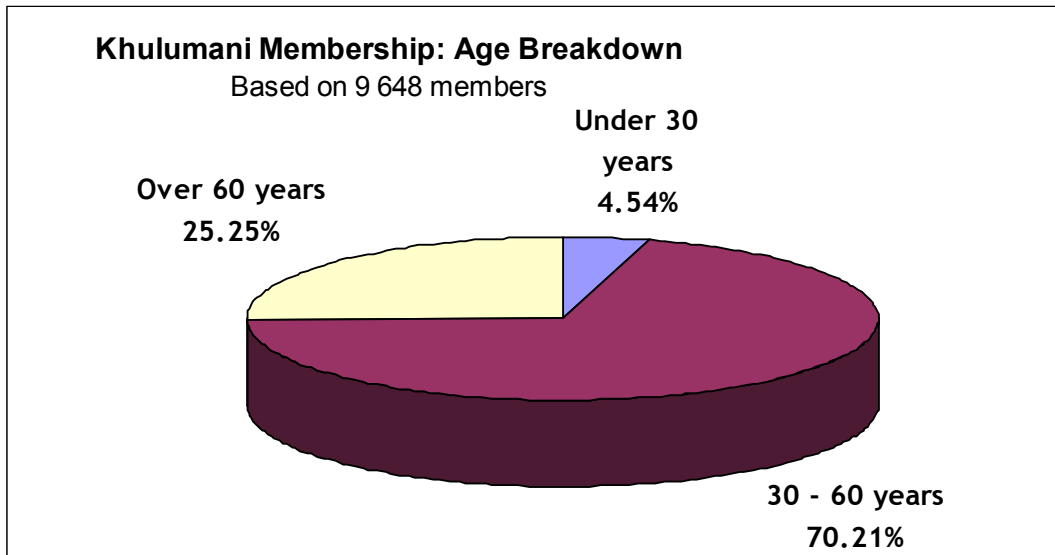
PROVINCE	MEMBERSHIP	SURVEY 2005	(2004)	PARTICIPATION
Eastern Cape	1195	446	220	37%
Free State	775	603	400	78%
Gauteng	2581	1305	90	51%
KwaZulu-Natal	3688	1117	36	30%
Mpumalanga	92	79	4	86%
Limpopo	1669	1239	815	74%
North-West	1602	1181	219	74%
Northern Cape	7	6	0	86%
Western Cape	7386	4259	2315	58%
TOTAL	18995	10235	4099	54%

B. AGE & GENDER

B.1. 70% of Khulumani’s national membership fall in the 30 - 60 years age groups.

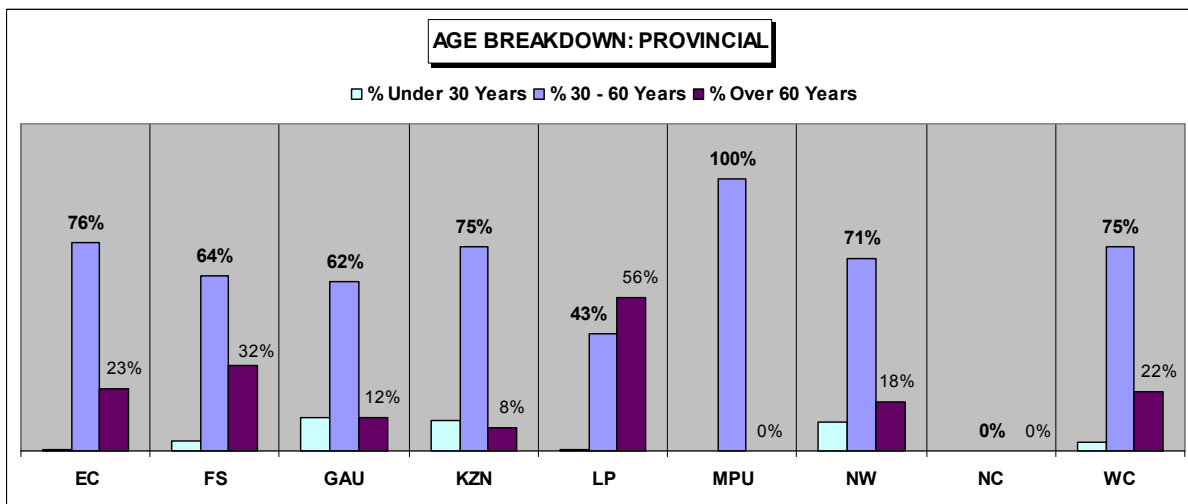
B.2. 25% are older than 60 years.

B.3. Only 4.5% of our members are younger than 30 years.



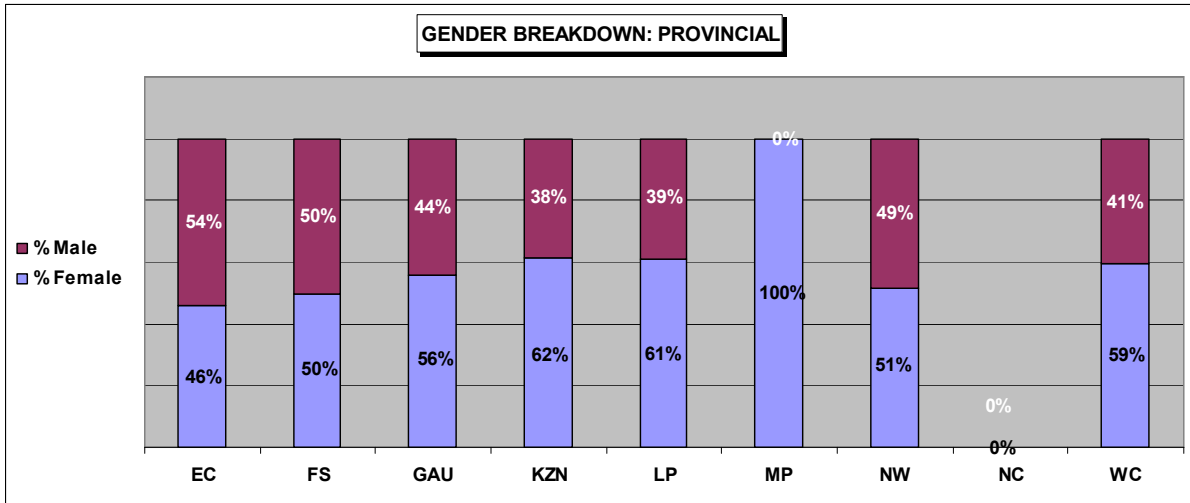
B.4. Gauteng is the “younger” province with the highest percentage in the Under 30 group (12%) of all the provinces. Only 12% of its members are over 60 years of age compared with the national average of 29%.

B.5. Limpopo is the “older” province and the only one with the majority of its members (56%) in the Over 60 age group.



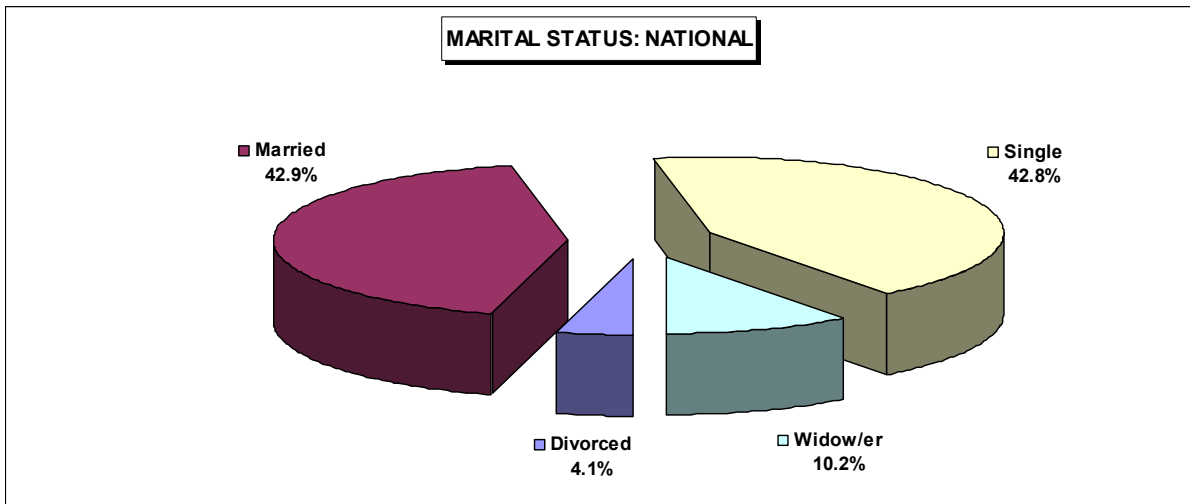
B.6. The Eastern Cape is the only province with slightly more male members (54%) than female members (46%).

B.7. KZN has the highest percentage female members at 62%, followed by Limpopo at 61%.

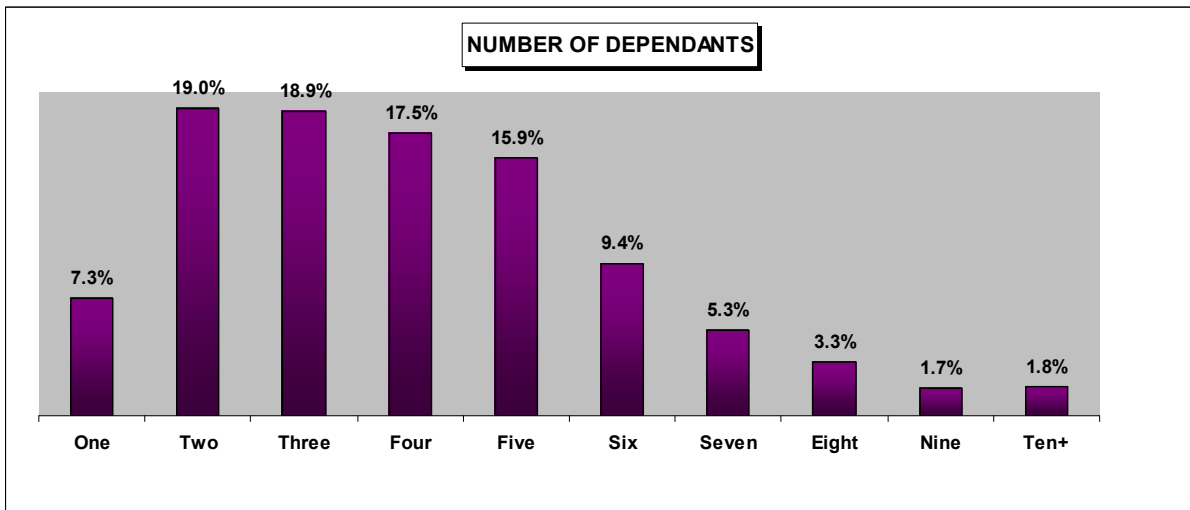


C. MARITAL STATUS AND DEPENDANTS

C.1. On national level 43% of members are married or single. One should however take into account that many members will not indicate their marital status as “Married” for the simple reason that they are customarily married and some still assume this is not legally recognised.



C.2. On a national level 45% members have 1-3 dependants; 43% members have 4-6 dependants; and 12% have more than 6 dependants to care for.



D. EMPLOYMENT

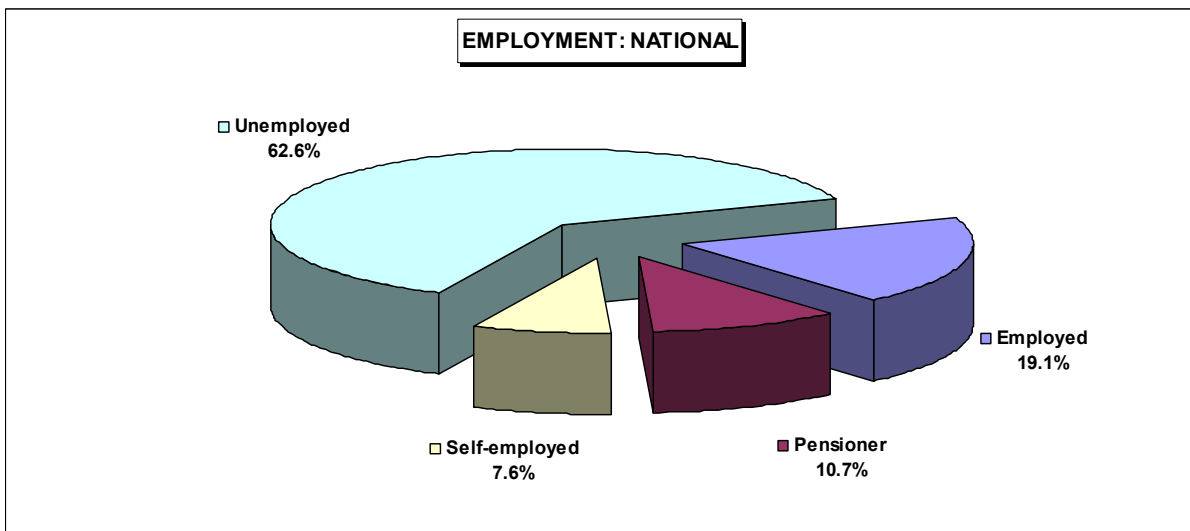
D.1. Employment statistics are not reliable in KwaZulu-Natal, Mpumalanga and Northern Cape.

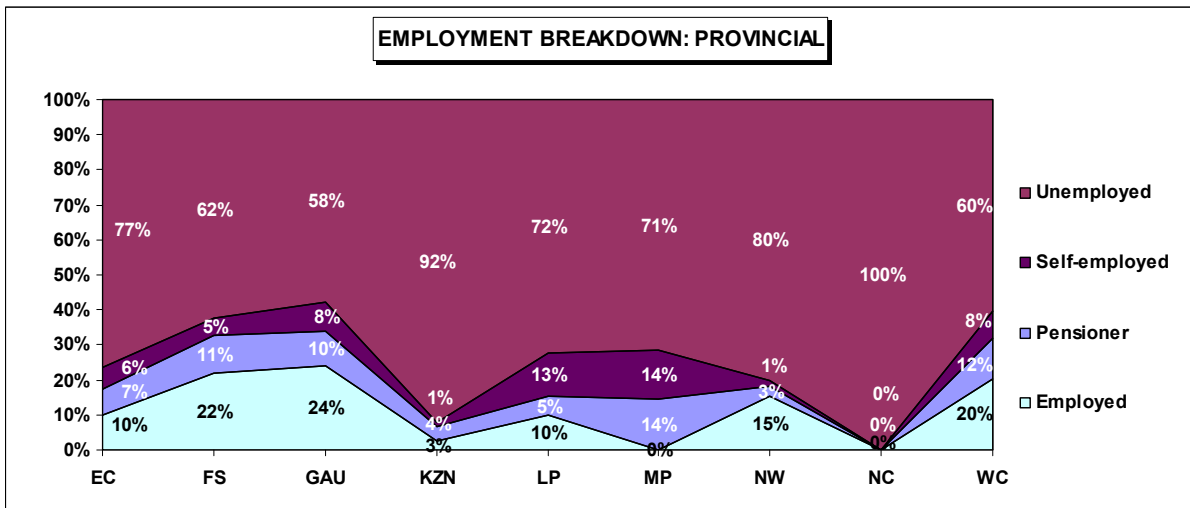
D.2. It is clear however that our members struggle with high unemployment and find themselves in the lowest income groups in the country.

D.3. A positive pointer is seen in Limpopo with 13% of their members self-employed, forming a strong basis for entrepreneurship and skills development.

D.4. Formal employment is the highest in Gauteng (24%), Free State (22%) and the Western Cape (20%).

D.5. Unemployment is the highest in North-West (80%) and the Eastern Cape (77%).

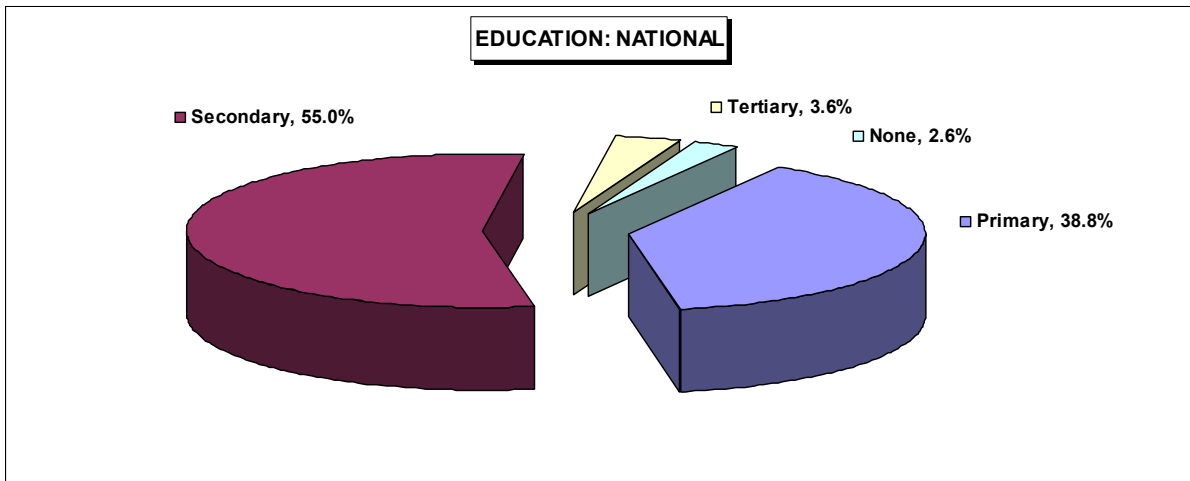




E. EDUCATION

E.1. There are no reliable statistics available on education in the provinces, but below is a chart of the breakdown of education on a national level.

E.1.1. It should be noted however that under “Secondary” education is understood any education between Std 6 / Gr 8 and Std 10 / Matric



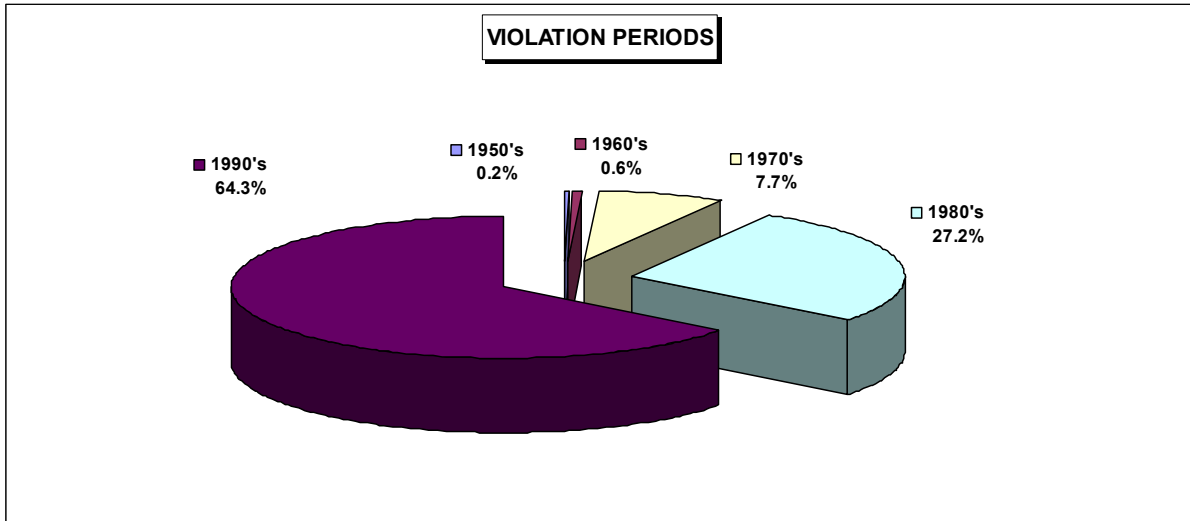
E.2. Only 3.6% of Khulumani’s national membership possesses tertiary qualifications. Find below a list of all members with tertiary qualifications.

F. VIOLATIONS

F.1. The majority (64%) of violations reported nationwide occurred from 1990 - 1994.

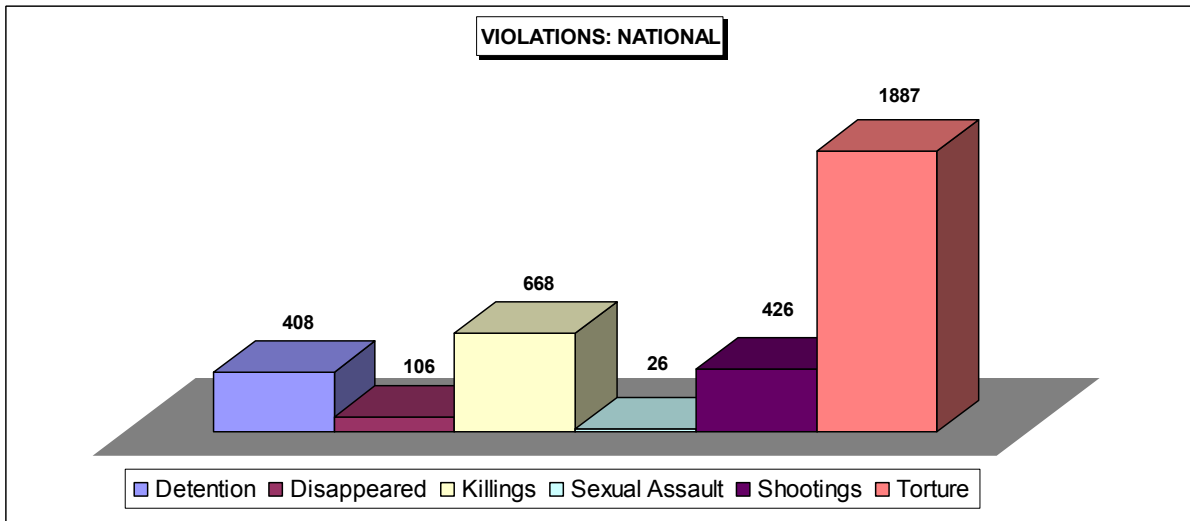
F.1.1. It must be taken into account however that data available on violations are last on the list of priorities for data-processors as our main focus is to identify the needs of members.

F.1.2. It is therefore possible and expected that more violations occurred in the 1980's than indicated below.



F.2. The violation that occurred the most on a national scale is torture (54%). Extra-judicial killings account for 19%; shootings 12%; unlawful detention - 11%; the disappeared - 3%; and victims sexually assaulted: 1%.

F.2.1. These percentages are based on the data of 3508 members.



F.3. The chart above gives the number of violations in each province.

F.3.1. In the Eastern Cape detention (180) is the highest followed by torture (118).

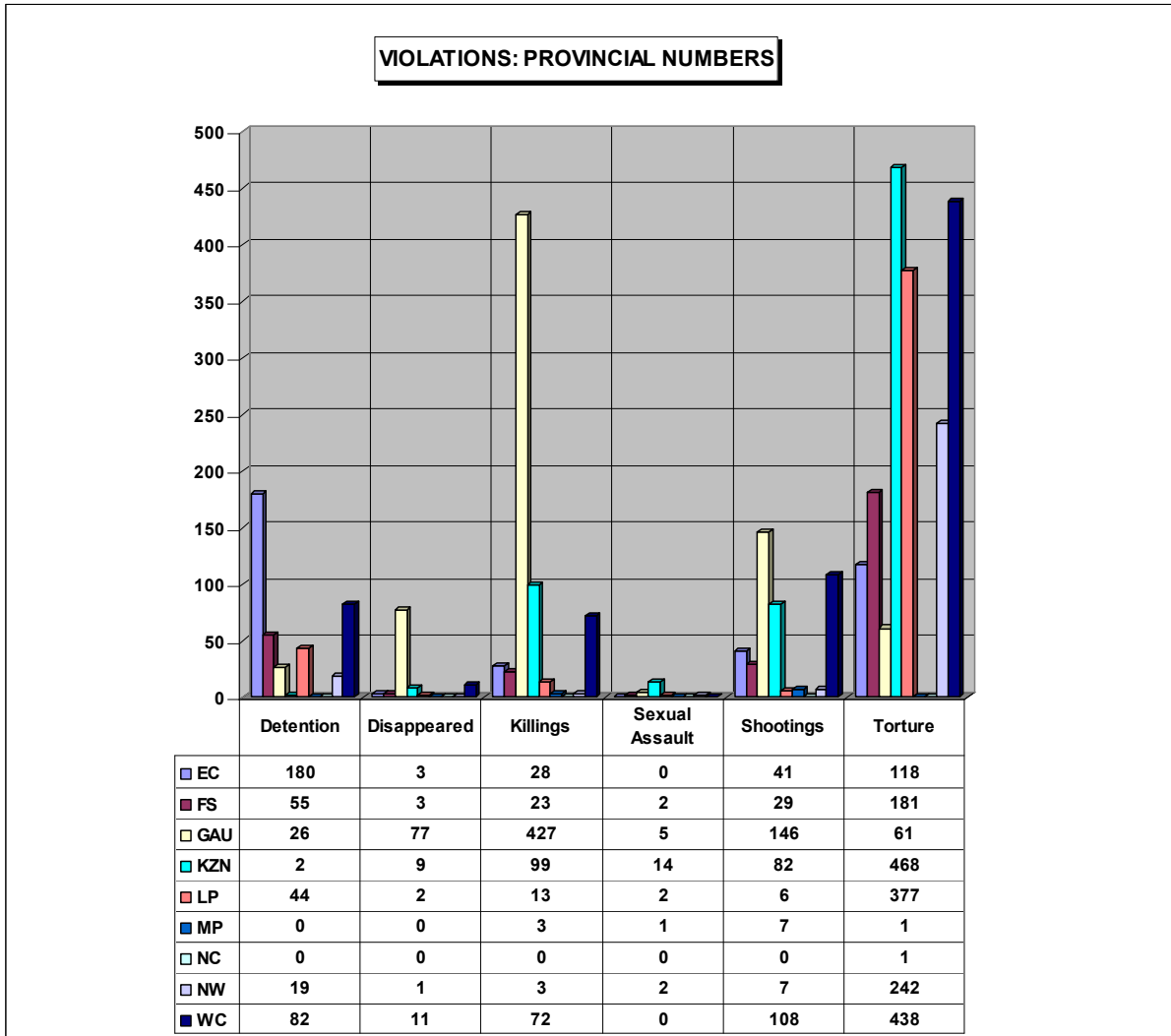
F.3.2. The Free State has 181 occurrences of torture followed by detention (55).

F.3.3. In Gauteng extra-judicial killings are by far the highest (427) with a lot of indiscriminate shootings (146) reported.

F.3.4. 468 cases of torture make up the bulk of violations in KZN.

F.3.5. Torture is also the highest (377) in Limpopo and North-West (242).

F.3.6. The Western Cape has 438 cases of torture reported by its members, followed by 108 reports of indiscriminate shootings.



F.4. The following chart compares the incidences of violations among the provinces. Read as “44.1% of all unlawful detention occurred in the Eastern Cape” etc.

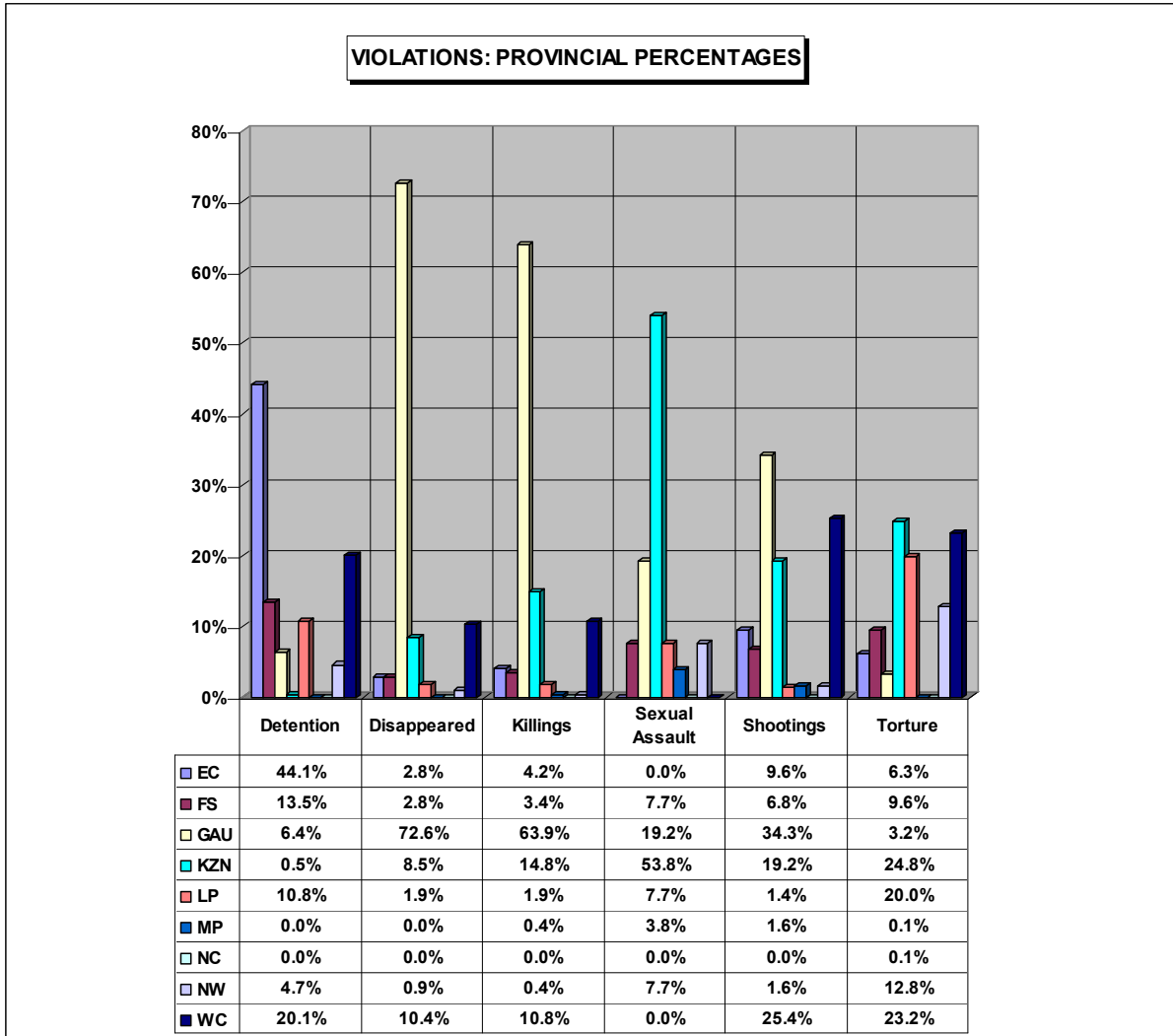
F.4.1. Most unlawful detention took place in the Eastern Cape (44%) followed by KwaZulu-Natal (24.8%) and Western Cape (23.3%).

F.4.2. The majority of disappearance cases (73%) occurred in Gauteng.

F.4.3. Extra-judicial killings are also the highest (64%) in Gauteng.

F.4.4. Indiscriminate shootings occurred the most in Gauteng (34%) and the Western Cape (24%).

F.4.5. It is our observation that “torture” is understood by members in a broader sense than just extreme violence perpetrated in secret by a few state agents against one individual at a time. “Torture” indicated in this report refers therefore to any police brutality or unacceptable state violence against the public in secret and in the open.

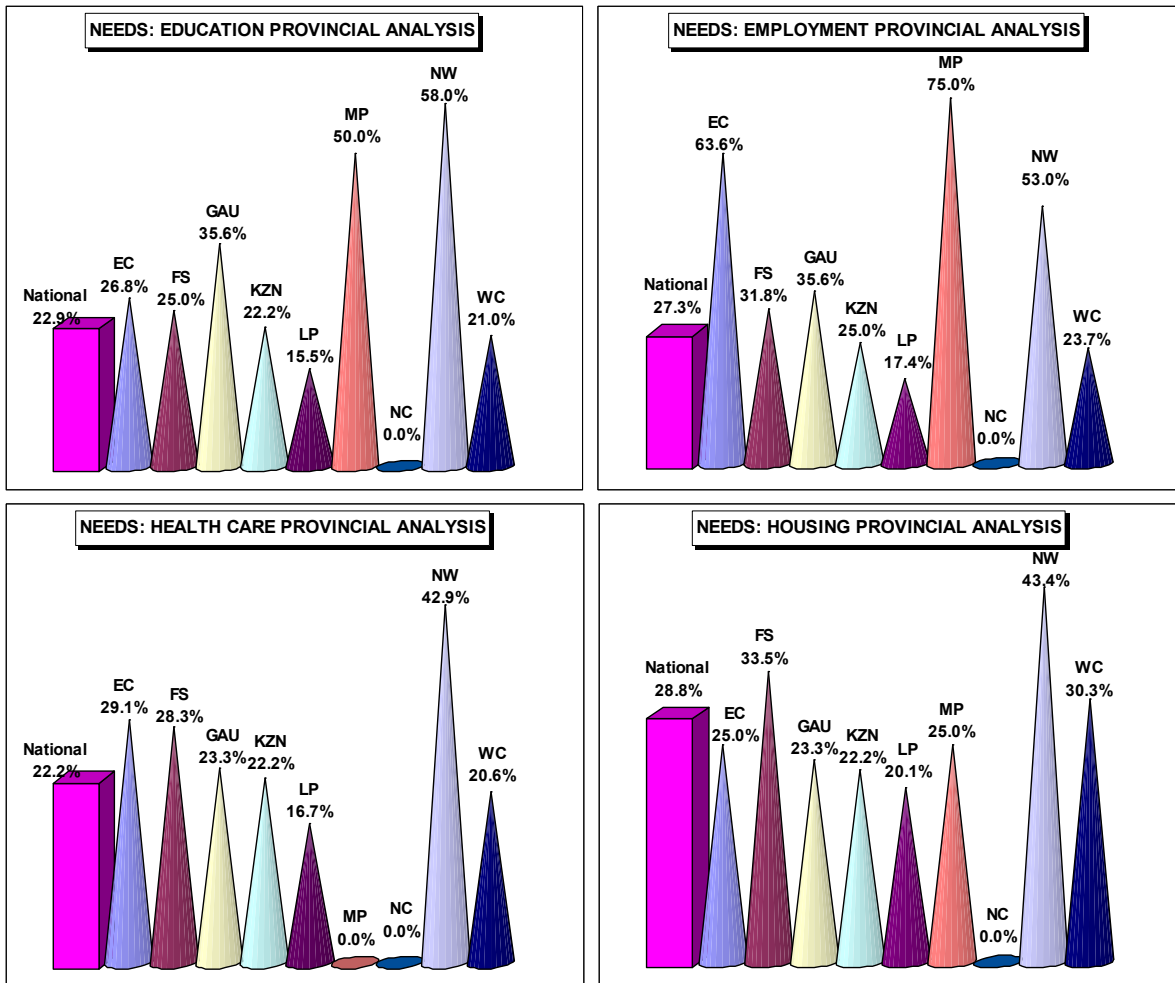


G. NEEDS ANALYSIS

G.1. When one analyses the four main categories of needs the following facts come to light:

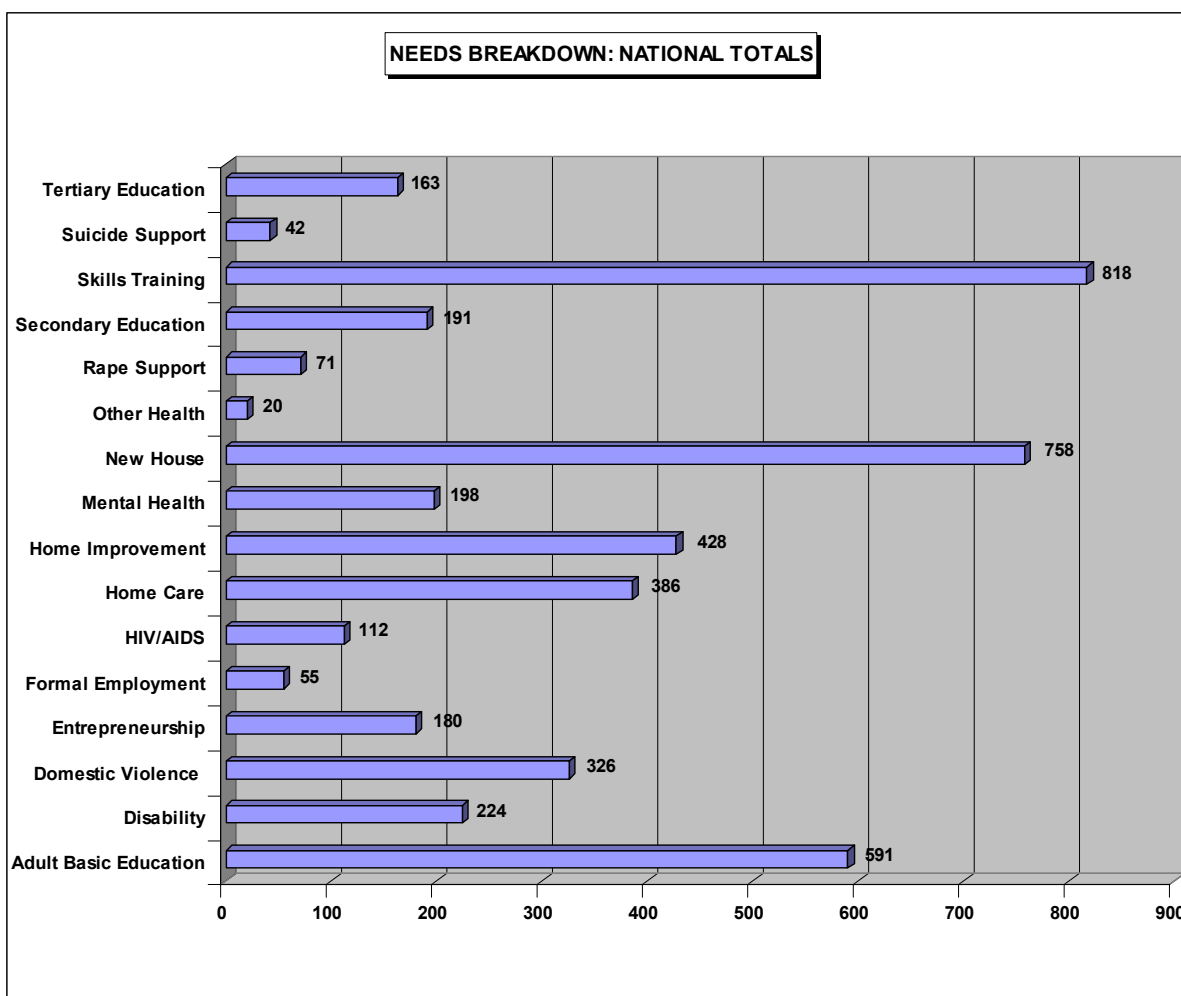
- G.1.1. Housing is identified as the greatest need among members nationally (29%), followed by that of employment (27%).
- G.1.2. The need for education and health care is the same at 22-23% of members.
- G.1.3. NOTE that the same members most of the time indicate more than one category when asked about their needs.

- G.1.4. The needs of Eastern Cape members show above averages in terms of employment (64%) and health care (29%).
- G.1.5. Free State members indicate strong needs for health care (28%) and housing (34%).
- G.1.6. Gauteng members' need for education is above average at 36%.
- G.1.7. The needs of KZN, Limpopo and Western Cape are all average.



G.2. The chart below indicates how many members nationwide expressed the need for assistance and reparation on specific issues.

- G.2.1. Skills training is on top of the list with 818 members.
- G.2.2. The need for a new house was expressed by 758 members.
- G.2.3. Adult Basic education is third with 591 members.



G.3. The table below is a further breakdown of needs among the provinces.

G.3.1. These figures are valuable in terms of planning projects on provincial level where specific needs are the most urgent.

G.3.2. Lists of members are available on request from the database, e.g. List of 35 members with the need for Adult Basic education in the Eastern Cape.

	EC	FS	GAU	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC
Adult Basic	35	52	18	39	92	1	0	79	358
Disability	22	42	12	19	21	1	0	19	111
Domestic Violence	14	55	9	42	93	1	0	30	146
Entrepreneurship	12	38	4	8	34	0	0	9	92
Formal Employment	7	3	5	4	13	0	0	0	34
	EC	FS	GAU	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC
HIV/AIDS	6	10	1	1	12	0	0	12	81
Home Care	28	36	8	10	95	1	0	25	216
Housing: Improvements	8	17	4	16	39	0	0	80	299
Housing: New house	48	131	22	36	142	1	0	28	425
Mental Health	11	37	10	25	28	0	0	50	79
Other Health	1	2	2	0	3	0	0	3	12
Rape Support	6	16	3	2	7	1	0	6	53
Secondary Education	18	25	7	10	22	0	0	42	84
Skills Training	56	101	31	47	120	3	0	123	438
Suicide Support	4	6	4	5	4	0	0	5	28
Tertiary Education	13	37	15	5	35	1	0	21	58

